Mound Drainfield

A mound is an aboveground system used in where areas septic systems more are prone to failure due to having extremely slow extremely or fast permeable soils. soil with shallow cover over porous bedrock, and soils that have a high seasonal water table.



Simply, a mound is a bed elevated above one to two feet of clean sand. The sand will be extended to each side of the bed in order to create enough contact between the original soil and the system. Loamy soil and topsoil (1.5-2 feet) will be used as a cover.

